MINUTES OF THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE MEMBERS OF NEW YORK CITY LAND DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION November 8, 2019

The annual meeting of the Members of New York City Land Development Corporation ("NYCLDC") was held, pursuant to notice by the Secretary, on Friday, November 8, 2019, in Conference Room 14C, at the offices of New York City Economic Development Corporation ("NYCEDC") at One Liberty Plaza, New York, New York.

The following Members of NYCLDC were present:

Kim Bryan (by conference telephone) Jon Cohen (by conference telephone) Jenneh Kaikai (by conference telephone) Pedram Mahdavi (by conference telephone) Kim Vaccari

Mr. Cohen chaired the meeting. Also present were Mark Silversmith, Secretary of NYCLDC, who served as secretary of the duly constituted meeting, at which a quorum was present, Spencer Hobson, Executive Vice President and Treasurer of NYCLDC, Allison Richardson, a Vice President of NYCEDC, and Jaan Kangur, a Senior Paralegal of NYCEDC. The meeting was called to order at 2:05 p.m.

1. <u>Approval of the Minutes of the September 27, 2019 Special Meeting of the Members</u>

There were no questions or comments with respect to the minutes of the September 27, 2019 special Members meeting, as submitted. A motion to approve such minutes, as submitted, was made, seconded and unanimously adopted.

Mr. Mahdavi joined the meeting at this time.

2. <u>Election of Directors</u>

Under NYCLDC's Bylaws NYCLDC's Members elect its Directors at the annual meeting of the Members. Directors must be Members at the time of their election.

A motion was made to elect the persons listed in Exhibit A to be Directors of NYCLDC. Such motion was seconded and unanimously approved.

3. <u>Annual Report of the Board of Directors of NYCLDC for the Fiscal Period</u> Ended June 30, 2019

The Annual Report of the Board of Directors of New York City Land Development Corporation ("NYCLDC") for the Fiscal Period Ended June 30, 2019, attached hereto as Exhibit B, was submitted to the Members. Mr. Silversmith stated that the financials included in the report were substantially the same as those presented to the NYCLDC Board of Directors in September, though blank dates in the financials had been filled in after the September meeting.

4. Adjournment

There being no further business to come before the meeting, pursuant to a motion made, seconded and unanimously approved, the meeting of the Members was adjourned at 2:09 p.m.

Mark Silversmith Mark Silversmith (May 4, 2020)

Secretary

Dated: <u>March 26, 2020</u> New York, New York Exhibit A

It is proposed that the following persons be elected Directors of NYCLDC:

Kim Bryan Jon Cohen Jenneh Kaikai Pedram Mahdavi Kim Vaccari

Exhibit B

Annual Report of the Board of Directors of New York City Land Development Corporation ("NYCLDC") for the Fiscal Period Ended June 30, 2019

The Members of NYCLDC TO

The Board of Directors of NYCLDC respectfully submits for your information the following report relating to NYCLDC. The report is for the fiscal period beginning on July 1, 2018, and ended June 30, 2019.

- 1. Attached hereto as Attachment A are the Financial Statements of NYCLDC for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, which includes a Report of Independent Auditors Ernst & Young LLP and financial information required to be provided to the Members of NYCLDC pursuant to Section 519 of the New York State Not-for-Profit Corporation Law.
- 2. As of October 24, 2019, the number of Members of NYCLDC is 5.
- 3. The number of Members of NYCLDC was 5 on July 1, 2018 and on June 30, 2019, on which dates there were no vacancies.
- 4. The names and addresses of the Members of NYCEDC as of October 24. 2019 may be found in the Members/Directors books of NYCLDC, which is kept at One Liberty Plaza, 13th Floor, New York, New York 10006.

Dated October 24, 2019 New York, New York

ident

Executive Vice President and Treasurer

State of New York

County of New York

Kim Vaccari, being first duly sworn, deposes and says that she executed the foregoing report and is the President of New York City Land Development Corporation, that she has read the foregoing report and knows the contents thereof, and that the information provided in Sections 2-4 of the report is true.

) ss.:

)

Sworn to before me this 24th day of October, 2019

>)) ss.:

)

Notary Public Notary Public, Clate of Her

State of New York

County of New York

Spencer Hobson, being first duly sworn, deposes and says that he executed the foregoing report and is the Executive Vice President and Treasurer of New York City Land Development Corporation, that he has read the foregoing report and knows the contents thereof, and that the information provided in Sections 2-4 of the report is true.

CAPOL M. HYDE

Qualitated in Calesas County Commission Excercis Jan. 22.

73 0

Spencer Hobson

Sworn to before me this 241 day of October, 2019

Notary P

CAROL M. HYDE Notary Public, State of Ne 77270 No. 4577279 0 Qualit-d in Queens County Commission Exames Jan. 28,20

New York City Land Development Corporation

(a component unit of the City of New York)

Financial Statements

Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 With Report of Independent Auditors



Financial Statements and Required Supplementary Information

Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

Contents

I. Financial Section

Report of Independent Auditors	l
Management's Discussion and Analysis	

Financial Statements

Statements of Net Position	6
Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	7
Statements of Cash Flows	8
Notes to Financial Statements	9

II. Government Auditing Standards Section

 I. Financial Section

Ernst & Young LLP 5 Times Square New York, NY 10036 Tel: +1 212 773 3000 ey.com



Report of Independent Auditors

The Management and the Board of Directors New York City Land Development Corporation

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of New York City Land Development Corporation (NYCLDC), a component unit of The City of New York, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the NYCLDC's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of NYCLDC as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Required Supplementary Information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that management's discussion and analysis, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audits of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we also have issued our report dated September 30, 2019, on our consideration of the NYCLDC's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of NYCLDC's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering NYCLDC's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Ernet + Young LLP

September 30, 2019

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2019

This section of New York City Land Development Corporation's (NYCLDC or the Corporation) annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of NYCLDC's financial performance during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018. Please read it in conjunction with the financial statements and accompanying notes.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual financial report consists of two parts: *management's discussion and analysis* (this section) *and basic financial statements and footnote disclosures*. NYCLDC is a local development corporation organized pursuant to section 1411 of the Not-for-Profit Corporation Law of the State of New York. NYCLDC is also a discretely presented component unit of the City of New York (the City). NYCLDC follows enterprise fund reporting; accordingly, the financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Enterprise fund statements offer short and long-term financial information about the activities and operations of the Corporation.

These statements are presented in a manner similar to a private business.

Financial Analysis of the Corporation

Net position

The following table summarizes NYCLDC's financial position at June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017 and the percentage change between June 30, 2019 and 2018:

	_	2019	2018	2017	% Change 2019–2018
Total assets Total liabilities	\$	6,622 1,623	\$ 7,021	\$ 6,019 1,020	(6)% (20)
Unrestricted net position	\$	4,999	\$ 4,999	\$ 4,999	-

At June 30, 2019 and 2018, total assets were \$6,622 and \$7,021, respectively. The overall change in assets was due to a grant agreement between the Corporation and New York City Economic Development Corporation (NYCEDC). The grant agreement provides NYCLDC with the necessary funding for its annual general and administrative expenses. As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, the total cash in bank was \$3,509 and \$5,502, respectively.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Total liabilities at June 30, 2019 and 2018, were \$1,623 and \$2,022, respectively, which primarily consisted of audit fees.

Net position at June 30, 2019 and 2018, remains unchanged at \$4,999.

Operating Activities

NYCLDC is engaged in economic development by means of assisting the City with the leasing and selling of certain properties. The Corporation encourages economic growth throughout the five boroughs of the City by acquiring City-owned property and disposing of it to strengthen the City's competitive position and facilitate investments that build capacity, generate economic opportunity and improve the quality of life.

The following table summarizes NYCLDC's change in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the percentage changes between June 30, 2019 and 2018:

		2019	2018	2017	% Change 2019–2018
Operating revenues Operating expenses	\$	1,626 \$ (1,626)	1,527 \$ (1,527)	1,029 (1,029)	6% 6
Operating income			-	23	-
Non-operating revenues Non-operating expenses		32 (32)	7 (7)	10 (10)	357 357
Total non-operating income	_	-	-		-
Change in net position Total net position, beginning of year		4,999	4,999	4,999	-
Total net position, end of year	\$	4,999 \$	4,999 \$	4,999	-

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Operating revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, were \$1,626, due to a grant from NYCEDC. The grant allows NYCLDC to meet its current general and administrative expense obligations. The Corporation also closed on one (1) real estate sales transaction in which it purchased property from the City in compliance with section 384(b)(4) of the City Charter. Under the City Charter, land can be purchased for a nominal fee. The purchased property was then sold for the same nominal fee as is allowable for land purchased by NYCEDC under this structure, which then re-sells the property to private parties. The aggregate nominal fee exchanged for both acquiring and selling the land amounted to \$1.

Operating expenses of \$1,626 mainly in fees related to audit services.

Correspondingly, no operating income was recognized for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Contacting the Corporation's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our customers, clients and creditors with a general overview of the Corporation's finances and to demonstrate the Corporation's accountability for the resources at its disposal. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact New York City Land Development Corporation, One Liberty Plaza, New York, NY 10006.

Statements of Net Position

	June 30		
	2019		2018
Current assets		-	
Cash	\$ 3,509	\$	5,502
Due from NYCEDC	3,113		1,519
Total current assets	6,622		7,021
Liabilities and net position			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	1,600		2,000
Due to the City	23		22
Total current liabilities	1,623		2,022
Unrestricted net position	\$ 4,999	\$	4.999

See accompanying notes.

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Operating revenues: Grant Real estate sales2010Total operating revenues\$ 1,625 \$ 1,525 1 2Total operating revenues1,626 1,527Operating expenses: Cost of property sold Auditing fees Miscellaneous expenses1 2 1,600 1,500 25 25Total operating expenses25 25 25Total operating expenses25 25Total operating revenues (expenses): Interest income32 7 (32) (7) Operating in net positionChange in net positionUnrestricted net position, beginning of year4,999 4,999 \$ 4,999 \$ 4,999			Year Ended J 2019	une 30 2018
Real estate sales12Total operating revenues1,6261,527Operating expenses: Cost of property sold12Auditing fees1,6001,500Miscellaneous expenses2525Total operating expenses1,6261,527Operating incomeNon-operating revenues (expenses): Interest income327Other expense(32)(7)Total non-operating revenues (expenses)Change in net positionUnrestricted net position, beginning of year4,9994,999	Operating revenues:	_		2010
Total operating revenues1,6261,527Operating expenses: Cost of property sold12Auditing fees1,6001,500Miscellaneous expenses2525Total operating expenses1,6261,527Operating incomeNon-operating revenues (expenses): Interest income327Other expense(32)(7)Total non-operating revenues (expenses)Change in net positionUnrestricted net position, beginning of year4,9994,999		S	1,625 \$	1,525
Operating expenses: Cost of property sold12Auditing fees1,6001,500Miscellaneous expenses2525Total operating expenses1,6261,527Operating incomeNon-operating revenues (expenses): Interest income327Other expense(32)(7)Total non-operating revenues (expenses)Change in net positionUnrestricted net position, beginning of year4,9994,999	Real estate sales		1	2
Cost of property sold12Auditing fees1,6001,500Miscellaneous expenses2525Total operating expenses1,6261,527Operating incomeNon-operating revenues (expenses): Interest income327Other expense(32)(7)Total non-operating revenues (expenses)Change in net positionUnrestricted net position, beginning of year4,9994,999	Total operating revenues		1,626	1,527
Auditing fees1,6001,500Miscellaneous expenses2525Total operating expenses1,6261,527Operating incomeNon-operating revenues (expenses): Interest income327Other expense(32)(7)Total non-operating revenues (expenses)Change in net positionUnrestricted net position, beginning of year4,9994,999				
Miscellaneous expenses2525Total operating expenses1,6261,527Operating incomeNon-operating revenues (expenses): Interest income327Other expense(32)(7)Total non-operating revenues (expenses)Change in net positionUnrestricted net position, beginning of year4,9994,999			1	2
Total operating expenses1,6261,527Operating incomeNon-operating revenues (expenses): Interest income327Other expense(32)(7)Total non-operating revenues (expenses)Change in net positionUnrestricted net position, beginning of year4,9994,999			1,600	1,500
Operating income-Non-operating revenues (expenses): Interest income32Other expense32Other expense(32)Total non-operating revenues (expenses)-Change in net position-Unrestricted net position, beginning of year4,9994,9994,999	Miscellaneous expenses		25	25
Non-operating revenues (expenses): Interest income327Other expense(32)(7)Total non-operating revenues (expenses)Change in net positionUnrestricted net position, beginning of year4,9994,999	Total operating expenses		1,626	1,527
Interest income327Other expense(32)(7)Total non-operating revenues (expenses)Change in net positionUnrestricted net position, beginning of year4,9994,999	Operating income		-	-
Other expense(32)(7)Total non-operating revenues (expenses)Change in net positionUnrestricted net position, beginning of year4,9994,999	Non-operating revenues (expenses):			
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)–Change in net position–Unrestricted net position, beginning of year4,9994,9994,999	Interest income		32	7
Change in net position-Unrestricted net position, beginning of year4,9994,9994,999	Other expense		(32)	(7)
Unrestricted net position, beginning of year 4,999 4,999	Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		-	-
	Change in net position		-	-
Unrestricted net position, end of year \$ 4,999 \$ 4,999	Unrestricted net position, beginning of year	1.10	4,999	4,999
	Unrestricted net position, end of year	\$	4,999 \$	4,999

See accompanying notes.

Statements of Cash Flows

		Year Ended 3 2019	June 30 2018
Operating activities			
Grant receipts	S	32 \$	1,027
Audit fees		(2,000)	(500)
Miscellaneous expenses		(25)	(25)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(1,993)	502
Investing activities			
Interest income		32	7
Other expense		(32)	(7)
Net cash provided by investing activities		-	-
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(1,993)	502
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		5,502	5,000
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	3,509 \$	5,502
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities			
Operating income	S	- \$	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used in) by operating activities:			
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(400)	1,000
Due to the City		1	2
Due from NYCEDC		(1,594)	(500)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	S	(1,993) \$	502

See accompanying notes.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

1. Background and Organization

The accompanying financial statements include the assets, liabilities, net position and the financial activities of the New York City Land Development Corporation (NYCLDC or the Corporation).

On May 8, 2012, the City of New York (the City) formed the Corporation. NYCLDC is a local development corporation organized pursuant to section 1411 of the Not-for-Profit Corporation Law of the State of New York (the State). NYCLDC is engaged in economic development activities by means of assisting the City with the leasing and selling of the certain properties. As a local development corporation, NYCLDC is able to acquire or lease City-owned property outside of the auction process as provided by section 384(b)(4) of the City Charter. The mission of NYCLDC is to encourage economic growth throughout the five boroughs of the City by acquiring City-owned property and disposing of it to strengthen the City's competitive position and facilitate investments that build capacity, generate economic opportunity and improve the quality of life.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting and Presentation

NYCLDC follows enterprise fund reporting; accordingly, the accompanying financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. In its accounting and financial reporting, the Corporation follows the pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. Provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. The Corporation is evaluating the impact this standard will have on its financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Revenue and Expense Classification

NYCLDC distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items in the preparation of its financial statements. Operating revenues and expenses are transactions that directly relate to the organization fulfilling its mission statement including related administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Tax Status

The income of NYCLDC is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes under section 115 of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code (the Code).

Other Related-Party Transactions - New York City Economic Development Corporation

New York City Economic Development Corporation (NYCEDC) provides NYCLDC with grant funding for its general and administrative expenses. The Corporation does not have any employees. Administrative services are provided to the Corporation by NYCEDC pursuant to a services agreement and no management fees are charged for these services.

3. Contract With the City of New York

NYCLDC has a contract with the City allowing for the sale and lease of City-owned land to NYCLDC. The contract provides that when the City sells or leases City-owned land to NYCLDC, NYCLDC must dispose of such land to NYCEDC or at the direction of NYCEDC.

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the Corporation closed on one (1) real estate sales transaction and leased seven (7) city-owned properties which were obtained from the City in compliance with section 384(b)(4) of the City Charter, for a nominal fee. The purchased property was then sold for the same nominal fee to NYCEDC, which then re-sold the land to a private party. The aggregate nominal fee exchanged for both acquiring and selling the land amounted to \$1. When a City-owned property is leased by the Corporation, the Corporation subsequently assigns the lease to a private party at the direction of NYCEDC and the private party assumes the lease. NYCLDC does not pay or receive any fees for leased property.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

4. Grants

NYCLDC received operating grants from NYCEDC during the year ended June 30, 2019. Grant revenues in the amount of \$1,625 were provided to offset the Corporation's annual operating expenses. These amounts were recorded as operating revenue.

5. Cash

The bank balance was \$3,509 as of June 30, 2019. The full balance was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corp.

6. Risk Management

NYCLDC, along with other parties, has been named a party in several personal injury claims and lawsuits. NYCLDC is covered as an additional insured with respect to all of the pending lawsuits and as to the claims, NYCLDC is either covered as an additional insured, or may rely upon contractual indemnification by The City of New York. In management's opinion, the personal injury claims and litigation matters are not expected to have a materially adverse effect on the financial position of NYCLDC.

II. Government Auditing Standards Section

Ernst & Young LLP 5 Times Square New York, NY 10036

Tel: +1 212 773 3000 ay.com



Report of Independent Auditors on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

The Management and the Board of Directors New York City Land Development Corporation

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of New York City Land Development Corporation (NYCLDC), a component unit of The City of New York, which comprise the statement of net position as of June 30, 2019, and the related statements of revenues and expenses and changes in net position, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 30, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered NYCLDC's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the NYCLDC's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the NYCLDC's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether NYCLDC's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Ernst + Young LLP

September 30, 2019

LDC Members Minutes 11-8-19 (e)

Final Audit Report

2020-05-04

	Created:	2020-05-01
	Ву:	Jaan Kangur (jkangur@edc.nyc)
	Status:	Signed
	Transaction ID:	CBJCHBCAABAAtFBty8l31f4X6d7l_EydjGUsJ-4JYMAG
- 1		

"LDC Members Minutes 11-8-19 (e)" History

- Document created by Jaan Kangur (jkangur@edc.nyc) 2020-05-01 - 2:40:44 PM GMT- IP address: 65.215.83.206
- Document emailed to Mark Silversmith (msilversmith@edc.nyc) for signature 2020-05-01 - 2:42:45 PM GMT
- Email viewed by Mark Silversmith (msilversmith@edc.nyc) 2020-05-04 - 6:45:43 PM GMT- IP address: 65.215.83.206
- Document e-signed by Mark Silversmith (msilversmith@edc.nyc) Signature Date: 2020-05-04 - 6:50:12 PM GMT - Time Source: server- IP address: 65.215.83.206
- Signed document emailed to Mark Silversmith (msilversmith@edc.nyc) and Jaan Kangur (jkangur@edc.nyc) 2020-05-04 6:50:12 PM GMT

